

2020-2021

Grades 2, 4, and 5

Social Studies Curriculum – To The NJ Amistad – Based Curriculum

Approved by the Burch Charter School of Excellence Board of Trustees

August 2020

**Please see Appendix A for modifications and accommodations for Gifted and Talented, ELL Learners, students with disabilities and students at risk for failure.

The New Jersey Amistad Curriculum	Burch Social Studies Curriculum Gr. 2 The second grade curriculum focuses on the study of Community, Map Skills, Native Americans, Exploring the U.S. and Exploring the World.

Note: Unit 1 in the Burch curriculum engages students in	Unit 1- Communities
the study of a variety of communities, community	Students will be able to explore their community and compare
leadership, transportation, and communication within the	it to other communities.
community.	
	<u>Objective 1</u>: What is Social Studies?
	Students will be able to define Social Studies. Students will be
	able to recognize Social Studies components.
	Objective 2: Using Atlases, Globes and Maps Students will
	be able to recognize the different parts of an atlas, globe and
	map.
	<u>Objective 3</u>: Rules, Laws and Local
	Governments
	Students will be able to distinguish between rules and laws.
	Students will be able to identify the responsibilities of local
	government.
	<u>Objective 4</u> : Local Government
	Students will be able to: Define government. Discuss who
	makes and enforces community laws. Identify other
	responsibilities of local government.
	<u>Objective 5</u> : Places in Communities
	Students will be able to list places found in communities.
	Objective (, Disses in Communities
	<u>Objective 6</u>: Places in Communities Students will be able to classify places in communities into six
	categories.
	<u>Objective 7</u>: Comparing Communities Students will be able
	to compare their own community with another community.
	Generalize about features of all communities.

<u>Objective 8</u>: Rural and Urban Communities Students will be able to recognize differences between rural and urban communities.

<u>Objective 9</u>: Rural and Urban Communities Students will be able to identify photos of rural and urban communities and complete a chart using atlas photos.

Objective 10: Rural and Urban Communities Students will be able to identify urban and rural communities. Students will be able to decide what type of community Irvington is.

Objective 11: Community Jobs

Students will be able to use a map to list jobs in a community. Use an atlas to list jobs in a community. Compare their jobs in their own community with jobs in other communities.

Objective 12: Goods and Services

Students will be able to list workers who produce goods. Students will be able to list workers who provide services.

Objective 13: Producers and Consumers

Students will be able to identify producers in a community. Students will be able to identify consumers in a community.

Objective 14: Resources

Students will be able to identify the different types of resources needed to bring goods to the consumer.

Objective 15: Transportation

Students will be able to define transportation. Students will be able to classify types of transportation. Students will be able to identify types of transportation in their own community.

Objective 16: Communication

Students will be able to define communication. Students will be able to identify types of communication. Students will be able to identify ways to communicate in their own community.

Unit 1 - Social Studies skills This unit will emphasize skill-based learning: reading and interpreting maps, census data, graphs, charts,	Unit 2 – Map Skills and Geography Awareness Students will identify symbols and abbreviations used on a U.S. map. They will locate natural and cultural features. Students will
timelines, primary and secondary sources, and points of view. Teachers will introduce the students to the historian's craft (interpretation and narration).	also identify three types of landforms in the United States. Students will locate New Jersey and identify its natural and cultural features. Finally, students will use cardinal and intermediate directions to locate places and objects.
	Objective 1: Students will be able to demonstrate that a map is a drawing of a view from directly above. Students will be able to locate places on a map by comparing it with a bird's-eye view of the location.
	<u>Objective 2</u> : Students will demonstrate an ability to use map key to identify information on a map.
	Objective 3: Students will be able to draw symbols for natural features on a map. Students will be able to identify how people use natural features.
	<u>Objective 4</u>:. Students will demonstrate an ability to the use map symbols.
	<u>Objective 5</u> : Students will be able to review colors, symbols, and features on a map.
	<u>Objective 6</u> : Students will be able to recognize two-letter abbreviations for states and identify states.
	<u>Objective 7</u> : Students will be able to identify natural features that are near various cities.
	Objective 8 Students will be able to use a raised relief map to understand high and low landforms. Students will be able to demonstrate how flat maps use symbols to show landforms.
	Objective 9: Students will use the four cardinal directions on a globe, on a map and in the classroom. Students will use the in-between directions on a map and in the classroom.

Unit 2 - Indigenous civilizations of the Americas The student will acquire understanding of the Americas, the region's geography and settlement patterns, the emergence of indigenous civilizations and their diverse cultures.	 Unit 3 - Native Americans Students will explore four Native American tribes by comparing and contrasting their ways of living. Objective 1: Students will be able to locate the regions of four Native American tribes and identify similarities and differences among the tribes. Students will also learn about maps and charts. Objective 2: Students will be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Inuit tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the types of shelters they made, the kinds of food they ate and the type of clothing they wore. Objective 3: Students will be able to compare and contrast the story the Inuit Cinderella by Brittany Marceau-Chenkie with the modern version of Cinderella (to prepare for this lesson, please read in advance the modern version of Cinderella). Objective 4: Students will be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Iroquois tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the types of shelters they made, the kinds of food they ate and the type of clothing they wore Objective 5: Students will be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Iroquois tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to complete a class book based on the story pattern of <i>Giving Thanks: A Native American Good Morning Message</i>. Objective 6: Students will be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Sioux tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Iroquois tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Sioux tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Sioux tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Sioux tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to i
	they made, the kinds of food they ate and the type of

	 <u>Objective 7</u>: Students will learn about the uses of the buffalo and create a booklet identifying some of the uses of the buffalo. <u>Objective 8</u>: Students will be able to identify the customs, values, and heritage of the Navajo tribe in a Shared Reading lesson. They will also be able to identify the types of shelters they made, the kinds of food they ate and the type of clothing they wore. <u>Objective 9</u>: Students will be able to design and create a Navajo necklace <u>Objective 10</u>: Students will be able to compile their work created throughout the unit and bind the pockets together.
Note: Units 4 & 5 in the Burch curriculum incorporate the use of literature, primary source pictures, maps, globes, and other instructional resources to engage students in the study of American culture and cultures from around the world.	 Unit 4 – Exploring the US Students will acquire the knowledge and skills to think analytically about how past and present interactions of people, cultures, and the environment shape the American heritage. Students will study the lives of various cultural groups. Students will learn how communities change over time and explore key figures, landmarks, and symbol in American history to gain a better understanding of the richness of American culture, traditions, beliefs, and values using the following figures, symbols, and landmarks: ② Cultural and natural features of New Jersey ③ Symbols and landmarks of New Jersey ③ Symbols and landmarks of New Jersey ③ Mount Rushmore ④ Philip Reid and the Statue of Freedom ④ Jacob Lawrence ④ Langston Hughes ④ Benjamin Carson ④ Fannie Lou Hamer ④ Marian Wright Edelman ④ Sonia Sotomayor ④ Albert Pujols ④ Maya Lin ④ TET: Vietnamese New Year's Celebration

Objective 1: Students will be able to identify symbols and landmarks of New Jersey. Students will be able to identify cultural and natural features using a map of New Jersey.
<u>Objective 2</u> : Students will be able to recognize that a community has a history. Students will be able to recognize that natural features affect a community's history. Students will be able to map changes in a community.
Objective 3: Students will be able to recognize that natural features affect a community's history. Students will be able to map changes in a community. Students will be able to recognize that communities continue to change. Students will be able to map future changes in a community.
Objective 4: Students will be able to identify symbols of the United States.
<u>Objective 5</u>: Students will be able to identify landmarks of the United States.
<u>Objective 6</u> : Students will be introduced to story of Philip Reid and the Statue of Freedom.
Objective 7: Students will use a labeled photograph of the Statue of Freedom to identify key components of the statue.
 Objective 8: Students will gain a greater appreciation for the artwork of Jacob Lawrence and learn how he told stories through his narrative painting style (story painting) by viewing a slide show of the migration series. Be able to identify his work based on the elements of color Create their own work, borrowing the style of Jacob Lawrence by using the same bold colors, and strong geometric shapes in the human figures
Objective 9: Students will be able to read and discuss

several short poems by Langston Hughes.
 write their own stanza in the style of Langston Hughes. Share and discuss the issues of freedom and equality that Hughes presents in his poems. reflect on a favorite poem by Langston Hughes.
<u>Objective 10</u> : Students will learn about the achievements of Benjamin Carson and the character traits that he values.
<u>Objective 11</u>: Students will lean about the life and work of Fannie Lou Hamer.
Objective 12: Students will learn about the life and work of Marian Wright Edelman, founder and President of the Children's Defense Fund, and the first African American woman admitted to the Mississippi state bar.
Objective 13: Students will learn about the experiences and stories of Hispanic immigrants, what challenges they faced, where they are in the U.S., what culture they brought to the U.S., and how the immigrants affect U.S. economics and policy.
<u>Objective 14</u>: Students will learn about the life and work of Sonya Sotomayor.
<u>Objective 15</u>: Students will be able to learn about the life and work of Albert Pujols.
Objective 16: Students will be able to learn about the experiences and stories of Asian American immigrants, what challenges they faced, where they are in the U.S., what culture they brought to the U.S., and how the immigrants affect U.S. economics and policy.
Objective 17: Students will be able to identify the
Objective 17. Students will be able to identify the

Objective 17: Students will be able to identify the similarities and differences between traditions in the Vietnamese New Year, TET, with the traditions of several holidays celebrated in America.
Students will name the symbol of the lunar year they were born in and compare the description of that year with how they perceive themselves.
Unit 5 – Exploring the World
Experiencing the seven continents through literature and
maps. In this Unit students participate in a folktale journey.
Students will read folktales from a variety of different
cultures and visit all seven continents
Objective 2 : Students will be able to label the continents

	and the four oceans on a blank world map.
	Objective 1 : Students will be able to create a passport in preparation to travel and learn about each of the seven continents. The students will be introduced to <i>The Continent Song</i> . They will practice singing the song throughout the unit.
	Key Terms/Concepts: The World continents North America South America South America Europe Africa Asia Australia Atlantic Ocean Pacific Ocean Indian Ocean Arctic
Unit 3 - The emerging Atlantic world (Native Americans, Africans, Europeans) The student will acquire a historical	Ocean Covered in Grades 4 & 5
understanding of African societies and ancient kingdoms. Students also will understand European exploration and colonization, interactions among Native Americans, Europeans, and Africans, the forms of exploitation and oppression, and how the values, traditions, and institutions of all of these peoples helped to shape the early American colonies.	
Unit 4 - Establishment of a New Nation/Independence to Republic The student will acquire understanding of European colonization in the Americas. The students will understand the causes of the American War for Independence, its principles, and its impact on American society and institutions.	Covered in Grades 4 & 5

Unit 5 - The Constitution and the Continental Congress The student will learn the principles of democratic citizenship through the study of the Constitution and its origins, key principles, processes, functions, and limitations.	Covered in Grades 4, 5, & 8
Unit 6 - The Evolution of a New Nation State The student will acquire a historical understanding of the expansion of capitalism, and the growth of a market economy, the entrenchment of slavery and its expansion into newly acquired territories, as well as the expropriation of Native Americans and the atrocities inflicted upon them.	Covered in Grade 5
Unit 7 - The Civil War and Reconstruction (1861–1877) The student will acquire an understanding of the complex causes and military strategies of the Civil War as well as the reasons for the outcome. The students will understand the meanings of Reconstruction and the ways in which the nation and its people struggled to construct a new social, political, and	Covered in Grade 8

economic order.	
Unit 8 - Post-Reconstruction and the Origins of the Progressive Era A summary of the major issues that were discussed throughout the year, students will be able to identify major historical trends over time and assess their impact on late 19th century America. The students will see historical relationships and where these themes overlap.	Covered in Grade 8

Unit 0 America Confronte the 20th	
Unit 9 - America Confronts the 20th Century and the Emergent Modern America	Covered in Grade 8
America confronts the 20th century The student	
will acquire historical understanding of the	
problems the nation faced, the social/political	
reforms introduced by the Progressives at the local,	
state and national levels; the changing roles of	
minorities and women, the growth of African	
American social, political, cultural and economic	
institutions, the expansion of capitalism, the	
unionization of labor, the intensification of racial	
segregation, xenophobia, increased literacy and its	
implications, and the emergence of American	
imperialism.	
An emergent modern America:	
domestic and foreign issues and context The student will acquire understanding of the	
complexity of historical causation, and the	
consequences of World War I.	
consequences of world war 1.	

Unit 10 – America in the 1920s and 1930s; Cultural, Political, and Intellectual Development/The New Deal, Industrialization, and Global Conflict	Covered in detail at the high school level
America in the 1920s and 1930s; cultural, political, and intellectual development	
The student will acquire historical understanding of society and the business boom in the1920s, the social effects of the Great Depression and reforming society through the New Deal.	
TheNew Deal, industrialization, and global conflict	
The student will acquire historical and geographical understanding of the circumstances, objectives, strategies and activities of dictatorships in Italy, the Soviet Union, Japan and Germany that led to World War II and to analyze and formulate an understanding of issues related to the universal human rights.	
Unit 11 – America in the Aftermath of Global Conflict: Domestic and Foreign Challenges, Implications and Consequences/the Era of Reform	Covered in detail at the high school level
America in the aftermath of global conflict: domestic and foreign challenges, implications and consequences The student will acquire a historical understanding of the ideological debates and confrontations of democracy, capitalism, socialism and communism; the arms race, and the consequences of foreign and domestic policies in the 1950s. Era of reform: the 1950s and 1960s	

The student will gain historical understanding of domestic and foreign policies in the 1960s, the Civil Rights Movement, the Women's Movement, Native American struggles, the Environmental Movement, and the effect of the Vietnam conflict on United States society.	
UNIT 12 – National and Global Debates, Conflicts, and Developments/America Faces the 21 st Century	Covered in detail at the high school level
Post-civil rights and Vietnam era: national and global debates, conflicts and developments	
The student will gain historical understanding of the Nixon years, the expansion and the re- definition of executive powers, the Conservative Movement, the fall of Communism in Europe and the emergence of a new global economy.	
America faces the 21 st century	
An examination of contemporary, domestic and foreign policy issues; social, cultural, economic and political future.	

The New Jersey Amistad Curriculum	Burch Social Studies Curriculum Gr. 4 The fourth grade curriculum focuses on the study of New Jersey with themes such as: Civics, Government, Geography, People, & History.
Unit 1 - Social Studies skills This unit will emphasize skill-based learning: reading and interpreting maps, census data, graphs, charts, timelines, primary and secondary sources, and points of view. Teachers will introduce the students to the historian's craft (interpretation and narration).	 Unit 2- Map Skills Map skills help us make sense of our place in the world. Using maps as tools enables students to expand their spatial thinking and visualize different locations on the Earth. Objective 1: Students will be able to read and interpret different types of maps. <u>Unit Topics</u> Geography Survey & Introduction Basic Map Skills Using a Map Key and Scale Types of Maps Latitude & Longitude Reading a Time Zone Map

Unit 2 - Indigenous civilizations of the Americas The student will acquire understanding of the Americas, the region's geography and settlement patterns, the emergence of indigenous civilizations, and their diverse cultures.	Unit 3- History of the State of New Jersey New Jersey is a changing place. This unit will offer students an opportunity to act and think as historians. Students will participate in the constructive process of history by studying primary documents and photographs. Viewing historic photographs, handling facsimiles of famous documents, and reading literature will bring history alive for students.
and Unit 3 - The emerging Atlantic world	Understanding the background of each primary resource will help students to put historical events and attitudes into perspective, to think progressively, and to walk in the shoes
(Native Americans, Africans, Europeans) The student will acquire a historical understanding of African societies and ancient kingdoms. Students also will understand European exploration and colonization, interactions among Native Americans, Europeans, and Africans, the forms of exploitation and oppression, and how the values, traditions, and	 of their ancestors. This unit is divided into three categories Lenape Colonialism Immigration Lenape Essential Questions How has the geography of New Jersey

institutions of all of these peoples helped to shape	impacted the Lenape?
the early American colonies.	•How is present day life similar and different to the life of the Lenape?
and Unit 4 - Establishment of a New Nation/Independence to Republic The student will acquire understanding of European	<u>Objective 1</u> : Students will be able to describe Lenape life and culture.
colonization in the Americas. The students will understand the causes of the American War for Independence, its principles, and its impact on	<u>Objective 2</u> : Students will be able to compare and contrast Lenape life to present day life.
American society and institutions.	Objective 3: Students will be able to summarize reasons for Lenape migration to the New Jersey area and from the New Jersey area.
	<u>Objective 4</u> : Students will be able to summarize the impact of European colonization on Lenape culture.
	Colonialism
	Essential Question
	•How have the ideas of independence and equality evolved over time within New Jersey and the United States of America?
	<u>Objective 1</u> : Students will be able to identify events leading from colonization up to the founding of the United States.
	Objective 2: Students will be able to name an event which led the British colonists to declare independence from Britain.
	Objective 3: Students will be able to identify New Jersey's involvement in slavery and the trans-Atlantic slave trade and how it changed over time.
	Immigration
	Essential Question
	•How has immigration influenced new ideas and cultural changes in New Jersey?
	<u>Objective 1</u> : Students will be able to relate to the past using historical documents and photographs.

Objective 2: Students will be able to explain reason why people left their homes in other countries to settle in the United States and New Jersey.
<u>Objective 3</u> : Students will be able to gain an understanding of immigrant challenges and successes.
<u>Objective 4</u> : Students will be able to name a notable immigrant who has contributed to the growth of our nation.

Unit 5 - The Constitution and the Continental Congress	Unit 1 – Citizenship & Government Students will understand and practice the rights and
The student will learn the principles of democratic	responsibilities of a productive citizen in local, national, and global communities. Objective 1 : Students will be able to
citizenship through the study of the Constitution and its origins, key principles, processes,	describe citizenship skills and articulate how they can
functions, and limitations.	demonstrate citizenship skills.
	<u>Objective 2</u> : Students will be able to use a logical process to make decisions and solve problems cooperatively.
	<u>Objective 3</u>: Students will be able to identify the three levels of government.
	<u>Objective 4</u>: Students will be able to describe the responsibilities of each of the three branches of government
	<u>Objective 5</u> : Students will be able to explain and model the process of how a bill becomes a law.
	<u>Objective 6</u> : Students will be able to explain how citizens of the US are guaranteed fundamental rights by the United States Constitution.
	<u>Objective 7</u>: Students will be able to explain how the fundemental rights
	•Students will be able to explain how the fundamental rights of the individual and the common good of the country depend upon all citizens exercising their civic responsibilities at the community, state, national, and global

levels.
•Explain how in a representative democracy, individuals elect representatives to act on behalf of the people.

Unit 6 - The Evolution of a New Nation State The student will acquire a historical understanding of the expansion of capitalism, and the growth of a market economy, the entrenchment of slavery and its expansion into newly acquired territories, as well as the expropriation of Native Americans and the atrocities inflicted upon them.	Covered in Grade 5
Unit 7 - The Civil War and Reconstruction (1861–1877) The student will acquire an understanding of the complex causes and military strategies of the Civil War as well as the reasons for the outcome. The students will understand the meanings of Reconstruction and the ways in which the nation and its people struggled to construct a new social, political, and economic order.	Covered in Grade 8
Unit 8 - Post-Reconstruction and the Origins of the Progressive Era A summary of the major issues that were discussed throughout the year, students will be able to identify major historical trends over time and assess their impact on late 19th century America. The students will see historical relationships and where these themes overlap.	Covered in Grade 8

Unit 10 – America in the 1920s and 1930s; Cultural, Political, andCovered in detail at the high school levelIntellectual Development/The New Deal, Industrialization, and GlobalCovered in detail at the high school level		Objective 5: Students will be able to understand the environmental and economic impact of human practices on the earth.
Conflict	Cultural, Political, and Intellectual Development/The New Deal, Industrialization, and Global	Covered in detail at the high school level
America in the 1920s and 1930s; cultural, political, and intellectual development		
The student will acquire historical understanding of society and the business boom in the1920s, the social effects of		

the Great Depression and reforming society through the New Deal.	
TheNew Deal, industrialization, and global conflict	
The student will acquire historical and geographical understanding of the circumstances, objectives, strategies and activities of dictatorships in Italy, the Soviet Union, Japan and Germany that led to World War II and to analyze and formulate an understanding of issues related to the universal human rights.	

Unit 11 – America in the Aftermath of Global Conflict: Domestic and Foreign Challenges, Implications and Consequences/the Era of Reform	Covered in detail at the high school level
America in the aftermath of global conflict: domestic and foreign challenges, implications and consequences	
The student will acquire a historical understanding of the ideological debates and confrontations of democracy, capitalism, socialism and communism; the arms race, and the consequences of foreign and domestic policies in the 1950s.	
Era of reform: the 1950s and 1960s	
The student will gain historical understanding of domestic and foreign policies in the 1960s, the Civil Rights Movement, the Women's Movement, Native American struggles, the Environmental Movement, and the effect of the Vietnam conflict on United States society.	

UNIT 12 – National and Global Debates, Conflicts, and Developments/America Faces the 21 st Century	Covered in detail at the high school level
Post-civil rights and Vietnam era: national and global debates, conflicts and developments	
The student will gain historical understanding of the Nixon years, the expansion and the re- definition of executive powers, the Conservative Movement, the fall of Communism in Europe and the emergence of a new global economy. America faces the 21 st century	
An examination of contemporary, domestic and foreign policy issues; social, cultural, economic and political future.	

The New Jersey Amistad Curriculum	Burch Social Studies Curriculum Gr. 5
	Early US History to Slavery & Emancipation
Unit 1 - Social Studies skills This unit will emphasize skill-based learning: reading and interpreting maps, census data, graphs, charts, timelines, primary and secondary sources, and points of view. Teachers will introduce the students to the historian's craft (interpretation and narration).	The skills identified in Unit 1 of the Amistad Curriculum are weaved throughout Burch's grade 5 curriculum. The grade 5 curriculum begins with a unit on identity. Introductory Unit Museum Unit The United States of America is a nation full of diverse people and ideas that have helped shape America's modern government, economy and social system. This unit introduces student to America's identity through geography, economy, government, and people.

Unit 2 - Indigenous civilizations of the Americas	Unit 1 - Native Peoples of North America Native Americans ("First Nations") migrated to the
The student will acquire understanding of the Americas, the region's geography and settlement patterns, the emergence of indigenous civilizations, and their diverse cultures.	Americas and created unique cultural groups with distinct languages, government systems, and lifestyles based on accessible natural resources. Natural resources varied a great deal in different areas of the Americas (including modern day North and South America).
	<u>Objective 1</u> : Students will be able to explain how climate change, migratory patterns, and the availability of natural resources helped to determine various First Nations' ways of life.
	Objective 2: Students will be able to identify the positive and negative consequences of various First Nations' dependence on natural resources.
	Objective 3: Students will be able to differentiate the roles of men and women, as well as the coming of age of Native American children.
	<u>Objective 4</u> : Students will be able to examine First Nation spiritual beliefs and how religious beliefs became manifested in First Nation cultures.

	Objective 5: Students will be able to analyze Creek and Iroquois systems of society and compare and contrast with current systems of society.
Unit 3 - The emerging Atlantic world	Unit 2 - Exploration and Colonization Conflicts and
(Native Americans, Africans,	compromises occurred between indigenous groups in the
Europeans)	Americans and
The student will acquire a historical understanding	European explorers from Spain, France and Great Britain.
of African societies and ancient kingdoms.	The European colonists' motive for new wealth and
Students also will understand European	prosperity clashed with the desire of Native Americans to
exploration and colonization, interactions among	maintain their ways of life. Furthermore, cultural differences
Native Americans, Europeans, and Africans, the	created obstacles to effective and long-lasting compromises.
forms of exploitation and oppression, and how the values, traditions, and institutions of all of these peoples helped to shape the early American colonies.	Objective 1 : Students will be able to describe Europe, Asia, and Africa, pre-Columbus, in terms of trade and identify the reasons for exploration.
	<u>Objective 2</u> : Students will be able to analyze the purpose

and importance of Columbus' landing and explain how the Spanish changed the way of life for the Taino.
Objective 3 : Students will be able to discuss how the Northwest Passage led to the exploration of North America.
Objective 4 : Students will be able to describe the cultures of the Aztecs and Incas in the Americas before European conflict, and examine reasons for the decline of both societies.
Objective 5: Students will be able to analyze both the positive and negative consequences of the Columbian Exchange and how they affected the Native Americans, Africans, and Europeans.
Objective 6: Students will be able to evaluate the "success" of the Jamestown settlement including the influence of the Powhatan (including Pocahontas).

	Objective 7: Students will be able to describe why the Pilgrims left England for America and describe the relationship between the Wampanoag and the Pilgrims, including Thanksgiving. and
	Unit 3 - Colonial America Colonists in early America came from diverse backgrounds and faced many challenges. Colonial governments participated in the Slave Trade.
	Objective 1 : Students will be able to compare and contrast the New England, Middle, and Southern Colonies in regards to the following: geographic location and resources, names of colonies, reasons for settlement, religions, ethnic diversity, education, occupations, and government. Students will be able to explain what life was like in the colonies, and compare and contrast colonial life to students' lives in the 21 st Century.
	Objective 2: Students will be able to describe the horrors of slavery, including the Middle Passage, and explain the different challenges faced by African- American slaves in both the Northern and Southern colonies.
	<u>Objective 3</u> : Students will participate in a simulation of the Triangular Trade Route.
	Objective 4 : Students will be able to describe the events that shaped the development of colonial governments by participating in a mock town meeting and discussing disagreements in a colonial court.
Unit 4 - Establishment of a New Nation/Independence to Republic The student will acquire understanding of European colonization in the Americas. The students will understand the causes of the American War for Independence, its principles, and its impact on American	Unit 4 - The Struggle for North America Americans are a people who have taken risks and fought for civil liberties throughout their history, including the Revolutionary War, slave rebellions, women's suffrage and the Civil Rights Movement.

society and institutions.	Objective 1: Students will be able to explain the French motives for settling the Louisiana Territory, describe LaSalle's contribution to that motive and evaluate the significance of French control over New Orleans and the Mississippi River.
	Objective 2: Students will be able to identify the major causes of the French and Indian War, and discuss the changes brought about by the war, including the Native American response under Pontiac.
	Objective 3: Students will be able to list the taxes and other factors that led up to the American Revolution and created the Patriot cause, as well as evaluate the actions of the British government.
	Objective 4 : Students will be able to identify the battles that began the American Revolution, the importance of the Battle of Bunker Hill, and describe the difference between Patriots and Loyalists.
	<u>Objective 5:</u> The students will be able to describe the significance of the <i>Declaration of Independence</i> .
	Objective 6: Students will be able to identify strengths and weaknesses of the American and British armies, putting emphasis on the support offered by women and African-Americans, and then describe the economic consequences brought about by the war.
	<u>Objective 7:</u> The students will be able to describe the events that turned the tide for the Patriots and impacted the outcome of the Revolutionary War.
	<u>Objective 8:</u> The students will be able to explain the importance of the Battle of Yorktown and describe the results of the American Revolution.

Unit 5 - The Constitution and the Continental Congress The student will learn the principles of democratic citizenship through the study of the Constitution and its origins, key principles, processes, functions, and limitations.	 Unit 5 - New Nation Students will examine the positive and negative values that developed in America that occurred as the nation began its government and grew in land, population, and wealth. Objective 2: Students will evaluate a class "constitution" to establish a relationship between the teacher/administration (government) and the students (people).Students will be able to examine the "compromises" made in the 1787 Constitutional Convention, and determine their effects. Objective 3: Students will take a gallery walk to understand the Bill of Rights, which was still another compromise (made after the Constitutional Convention, a compromise made in order to ratify the document in all states). Objective 4: Students will map the route of Lewis and Clark (and Sacagawea) as they traveled through the Louisiana Territory and decide why Americans soon went West to settle. Objective 5: Students will describe the reasons Americans developed technology innovations such as the cotton gin, the steam train, textile mill and interchangeable parts. Objective 7: Students will be able to describe the Cherokee Trail of Tears. Objective 7: Students will be able to identify sources of conflict between Texans and the Mexican government.
Unit 6 - The Evolution of a New Nation	Unit 6 - Slavery and Emancipation
State	During the early 1800s the demand for cotton grew - as well
The student will acquire a historical understanding	as the need for workers to maintain the plantations in the
of the expansion of capitalism, and the growth of a	South. Although Congress eventually passed a law against
market economy, the entrenchment of slavery and	bringing more African slaves into the U.S., the slave
its expansion into newly acquired territories, as	population continued to grow in the South. Differences
well as the expropriation of	between the North and South increased with slavery as a
Native Americans and the atrocities	significantly divisive issue. African-

inflicted upon them.	Americans, who were enslaved, created a unique culture and community to cope with servitude and fight for freedom. Abolitionism rose and grew throughout the decades
	preceding the U.S. Civil War. Revolts, including the events
	on <i>La</i> <i>Amistad</i> in 1839, and escapes to freedom, such as those
	facilitated through the Underground Railroad helped to solidify the abolitionist cause and push for emancipation.
	Objective 1: Students will be able to describe the economic differences between the Northern and Southern states, including the South's dependence on the institution of slavery, as well as describe the impact of cotton, tobacco, and indigo on the colonies' economies.
	Objective 2 : Using the Primary Source Reader, "Slavery in America," students will understand and describe the experience of African American slaves in the South.
	<u>Objective 3</u> : Students will be able to understand the significance of the Abolitionist movement.
	Objective 4 : Students will use on-line activities, primary sources and audio clips to discover the significance of the Underground Railroad and create a personal narrative in the voice of a slave.
	Objective 5: Students will act out a dialogue to compare and contrast the beliefs of Frederick Douglass and Abraham Lincoln regarding slavery and reasons for emancipation.

Unit 7 - The Civil War and Reconstruction (1861–1877) The student will acquire an understanding of the complex causes and military strategies of the Civil War as well as the reasons for the outcome. The students will understand the meanings of Reconstruction and the ways in which the nation and its people struggled to construct a new social, political, and economic order.	Covered in Grade 8
Unit 8 - Post-Reconstruction and the Origins of the Progressive Era A summary of the major issues that were discussed throughout the year, students will be able to identify major historical trends over time and assess their impact on late 19th century America. The students will see historical relationships and where these themes overlap.	Covered in Grade 8

Unit 9 - America Confronts the 20th	
Century and the Emergent Modern America	Covered in Grade 8
 Century and the Emergent Modern America America confronts the 20th century The student will acquire historical understanding of the problems the nation faced, the social/political reforms introduced by the Progressives at the local, state and national levels; the changing roles of minorities and women, the growth of African American social, political, cultural and economic institutions, the expansion of capitalism, the unionization of labor, the intensification of racial segregation, xenophobia, increased literacy and its implications, and the emergence of American imperialism. An emergent modern America: domestic and foreign issues and context The student will acquire understanding of the complexity of historical causation, and the consequences of World War I. 	
Unit 10 – America in the 1920s and 1930s; Cultural, Political, and Intellectual Development/The New Deal, Industrialization, and Global Conflict America in the 1920s and 1930s; cultural, political, and intellectual development	Covered in detail at the high school level

The student will acquire historical understanding of society and the business boom in the1920s, the social effects of the Great Depression and reforming society through the New Deal. TheNew Deal, industrialization, and global conflict The student will acquire historical and geographical understanding of the circumstances, objectives, strategies and activities of dictatorships in Italy, the Soviet Union, Japan and Germany that led to World War II and to analyze and formulate an understanding of issues related to the universal human rights.	
 Unit 11 – America in the Aftermath of Global Conflict: Domestic and Foreign Challenges, Implications and Consequences/the Era of Reform America in the aftermath of global conflict: domestic and foreign challenges, implications and consequences The student will acquire a historical understanding of the ideological debates and confrontations of democracy, capitalism, socialism and communism; the arms race, and the consequences of foreign and domestic policies in the 1950s. Era of reform: the 1950s and 1960s The student will gain historical understanding of domestic and foreign policies in the 1960s, the Civil Rights Movement, the Women's Movement, Native American struggles, the Environmental Movement, and the effect of the Vietnam conflict on United States society. 	Covered in detail at the high school level

UNIT 12 – National and Global Debates, Conflicts, and Developments/America Faces the 21 st Century	Covered in detail at the high school level
Post-civil rights and Vietnam era: national and global debates, conflicts and developments	
The student will gain historical understanding of the Nixon years, the expansion and the re- definition of executive powers, the Conservative Movement, the fall of Communism in Europe and the emergence of a new global economy.	
America faces the 21 st century An examination of contemporary, domestic and foreign policy issues; social, cultural, economic and political future.	

APPENDIX	X A				
Differentiation/Accommodations/M	Differentiation/Accommodations/Modifications- Social Studies				
Gifted and English Language Learners Stu Talented	tudents with Disabilities	Students at Risk of School Failure			
product and learningClassroomacc inst inst environment)Native Language environment)Native Language Translation (peer, online assistive 	<pre>ppropriate ccommodations, istructional adaptations, istructional adaptations, istructional adaptations as etermined by the IEP or 04 team) Iodifications for lassroom air visual prompts with erbal resentations sk students to restate formation, directions, ad assignments. reteach vocabulary epetition and practice Iodel skills / techniques to e mastered. ise manipulatives and isual representation to camine concepts xtended time to omplete class work rovide copy of class otes</pre>	Modifications for Classroom Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations Ask students to restate information, directions, and assignments. Work within group or partners Repetition and practice Model skills / techniques to be mastered. Use metacognitive work Extended time to complete class work Provide copy of class notes Preferential seating to be mutually determined by the student and teacher Student may request to use a computer to complete assignments.			

			
	Modified Assignments	Breakdown large	Use manipulatives to
		assignments into	examine concepts
	Native Language	smaller tasks	
	Translation (peer, online		Extra textbooks for home.
	assistive technology, translation	Preferential seating to be	
	device,	mutually determined by	
	bilingual dictionary)	the	Student may request books
		student and teacher	on tape / CD / digital
	Extended time for assignment		media, as available and
	completion as needed	Use of online	appropriate.
	1	component of book	
	Modify linguistic	1	Assign a peer helper
	complexity	Extra textbooks for home.	in the class setting
	1 2	Student may request books	
	Use of dictionary as needed	on tape / CD / digital	Provide oral reminders
	Use of multimedia presentation	media, as available and	and check student work
	ese et matamedia presentation	appropriate.	during independent work
		L L L	time
		Assign a peer helper	time
		in the class setting	Assist student with
		in the clubs setting	long and short term
		Provide oral reminders	planning of
		and check student work	assignments
		during independent work	assignments
		time	Encourage student to
		time	review assignments
		Assist student with	and tests
		long and short term	and tests
		planning of	Duravida nacular nanant/
			Provide regular parent/ school
		assignments	communication
		En a como a a sta lant ta	communication
		Encourage student to proofread	Tasahana ahaala/ai an
		1	Teachers check/sign
		assignments and tests	student agenda daily
		Duranida un and	
		Provide regular parent/	Student requires use of
		school	other assistive
		communication	technology device
		Tasahara ahaak/sign	Use of multimedia
		Teachers check/sign	
		student agenda daily	presentation
L			

Student requires use of	Modifications for
other assistive	Homework and
technology device	Assignments
teenhology device	Extended time to complete
Use of multimedia	assignments.
presentation	ussignments.
L	Student requires more
Use of mnemonic	complex assignments to be
tricks to improve memory	broken up and explained in
1 5	smaller units, with work to
Modifications for	be submitted in phases.
Homework and	
Assignments	
Extended time to complete	Modifications for
assignments.	Assessments Extended
	time on classroom tests
Student requires more	and quizzes.
complex assignments to be	
broken up and explained in	Student may take/complete
smaller units, with work to	tests in an alternate setting
be submitted in phases.	as needed.
Provide the student with	Restate, reread, and clarify
	directions/questions
clearly stated (written) expectations and grading	directions/questions
criteria for assignments.	Distribute study guide for
entena for assignments.	classroom tests.
Modifications for	Establish procedures for
Assessments Extended	accommodations /
time on classroom tests	modifications for
and quizzes.	assessments.
Student may take/complete	
tests in an alternate setting	
as needed.	
Restate, reread, and clarify	

directions/questions
Distribute study guide for classroom tests.
Establish procedures for accommodations / modifications for assessments.
Modify the assessment visually so it is easier to understand and perform
Alternative assessment as needed